

CubeSat Mission Design for Vision Alignment System Mission

¹Jae-Pil Park, ¹Sang-Young Park †, ¹Sung-Woo Kim, ¹Jae Hyuk Kim, ¹Kwangwon Lee, ¹Hyungjik Jay Oh,
¹MinHee Kim, ¹Seungyeon Jeung, ¹EunJi Lee, ¹Song young bum, ¹Seung-hee Lee, ¹Guk Nam Kim, ¹Daniel Han, ¹Yong Woo
Kim, ¹Kyung Sun Lee, ¹Seok Ju Kang, ²Jin-Kyoung Du, ²Jin-Chul Yim, ²Kang Been Lee,
³Myung-Bo Shim, ³Kyung Yun Choi, ³Soon-Hong Hwang, ⁴Sang hoon Kwon

1Department of Astronomy

2Department of Electrical & Electronic Engineering

3Department of Mechanical Engineering

4Department of Computer Science

Yonsei University, Seoul, Korea

Abstract

Virtual Telescope is a next generation telescope that consist of two satellites in formation flying in space. These two satellites align with the target and hold their alignment. In this study, mission concept and mission requirement are analyzed for CANYVAL-X(CubeSat Astronomy by NASA and Yonsei using Virtual Telescope ALignment-eXperiment) that demonstrate Vision Alignment System which is a core technology for Virtual Telescope in space environment. The subsystems of the two cubesats are also designed. The results show that each CubeSat design satisfied mission requirements.

Keywords: CubeSat, Vision Alignment System, Mission Requirement, System Design Virtual Telescope